

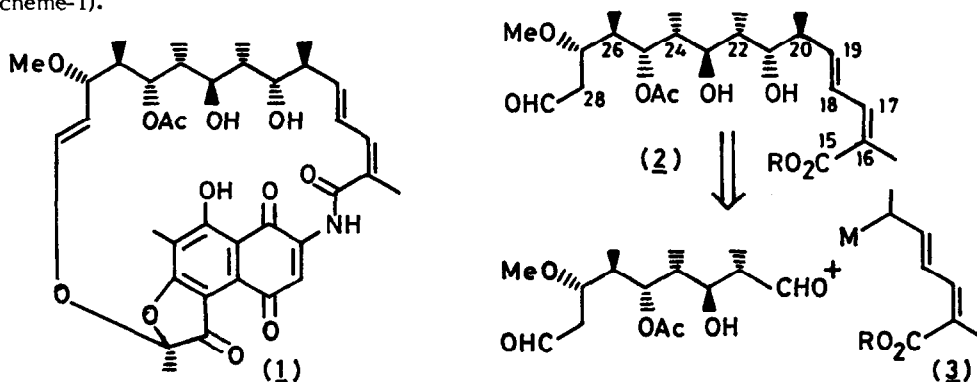
A STEREOSELECTIVE SYNTHESIS OF THE C-15 TO C-20 SEGMENT OF RIFAMYCIN-S

A.V. Rama Rao*[§], J.S. Yadav and C. Srinivasa Rao
National Chemical Laboratory, Pune 411 008, India

Abstract A convenient method has been described for the stereoselective construction of 5-substituted-2-methyl-2Z,4E-pentadienoic acid, present in the ansa bridge of rifamycin-S.

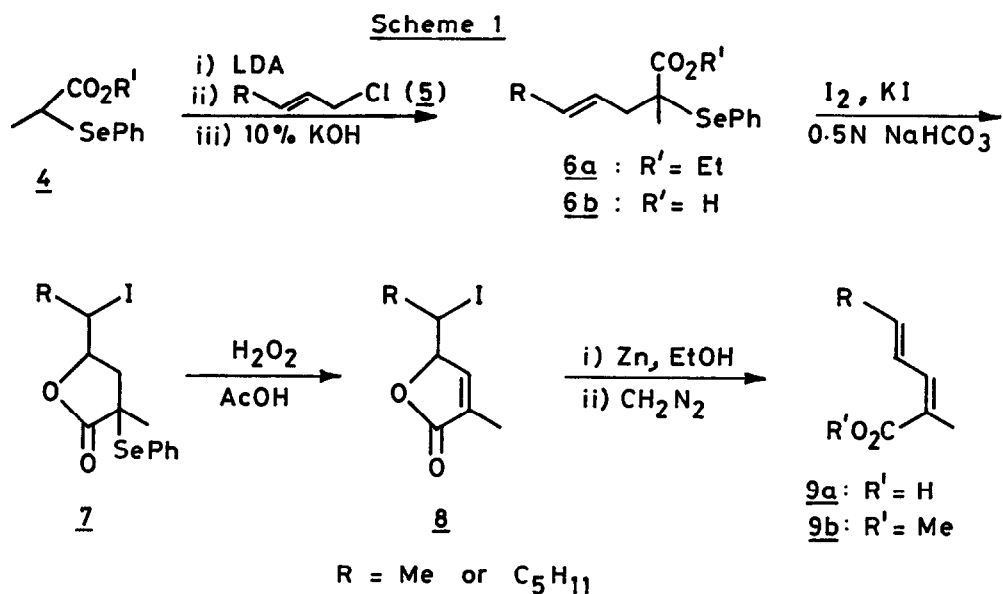
We have recently reported¹ a stereoselective synthesis of C-21 to C-27 fragment present in the ansa bridge of rifamycin-S (**1**)². In continuation of our programme on the total synthesis of rifamycin-S, at some stage of our synthetic plan for the complete construction of the ansa chain **2**, we require to introduce the 5-substituted-2-methyl-2Z,4E-pentadienoic acid (**3**; C-15 to C-20) in the correct stereochemical arrangement.

The stereoselective construction of (**3**) has been accomplished independently by Corey³ and Masamune^{2b} from cyclic intermediates and Kishi^{2a} by making use of Wittig reaction. In this communication we present a new and stereoselective method for the construction of 5-substituted-2-methyl-2Z,4E-pentadienoic acid present in the ansa chain of rifamycin-S (Scheme-1).



The salient feature for the construction of the title compound involves exclusive formation of the *cis* olefin via deselenation of the cyclic intermediate **7**. Thus ethyl 2-selenophenyl propionate⁴ (**4**) was alkylated with substituted allyl chloride **5** in presence of LDA to give **6a** in 75% yield. Its subsequent hydrolysis with aqueous 10% KOH afforded the corresponding acid, **6b**. The acid **6b** was subjected to iodolactonization⁵ by using iodine, potassium iodide and 0.5 N NaHCO₃ to give the iodolactone, **7** in 60% yield. Treatment of **7** with hydrogen peroxide in THF containing a trace of AcOH at 0° effected oxidative elimination of the selenophenyl group to furnish the unsaturated lactone **8** as an exclusive product⁶. The *cis*-double bond in **8** would constitute the *Z* olefin of the target molecule.

[§] present address : Regional Research Laboratory, Hyderabad 500 007, India
NCL Communication No. 4029



Compound **8** was then treated with zinc in refluxing ethanol to afford the dienoic acid, **9a** in 90% yield⁷. The E configuration of the newly formed olefin was based on ample evidences available in literature and also proved beyond doubt by ¹H-NMR spectrum which unequivocally established the structure of the dienoic acid. The acid was then esterified with CH₂N₂ to give the methyl dienoate **9b**.

The above methodology should be of value in a wide variety of synthetic approaches and is being extended for the construction of ansa chain **2** of rifamycin-S.

REFERENCES AND NOTES

1. A.V. Rama Rao, J.S. Yadav and V. Vidyasagar, J.Chem.Soc.Chem.Comm., 55 (1985).
 2. (a) H. Nagaoka, W. Rutsch, G. Schmid, H. Lio, M.R. Johnson and Y. Kishi, J.Am.Chem.Soc., **102**, 7962 (1980). (b) S. Masamune, B. Imperiali and D.S. Garvey, J.Am.Chem.Soc., **104**, 5528 (1982) and (c) M. Nakata, H. Enari and M. Kinoshita, Bull.Chem.Soc. Jpn., **55**, 3283 (1982).
 3. E.J. Corey and G. Schmidt, Tet.Lett., 2317 (1979).
 4. Preparation of Ethyl-2-selenophenyl propionate.
-
5. M.D. Dowle and D.I. Davies, Chem.Soc.Reviews, **8**, 171 (1979).
 6. D.L.J. Clive, Tetrahedron, **34**, 1049 (1978).
 7. E.J. Corey and R.L. Danheiser, Tet.Lett., 4477 (1973).

(Received in UK 28 April 1986)